APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION FORM

		U.S. Army Corps of Engineers					
SECTION I: BACKGROUND INFORMATION							
A. REPORT COMPLETION DATE FOR APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (JD): 14-Jun-2012							
B. DISTRICT OFFICE, FILE NAME, AND NUMBER: Alaska District, POA-2007-01395-JD6							
C. PROJECT LOCATION	PROJECT LOCATION AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION:						
State :		AK - Alaska					
County/parish/borou	gh:	Yukon-Koyukuk					
City:		Livengood					
Lat:		65.5097					
Long:		-148.5222					
Universal Transverse	Mercator	Folder UTM List					
		UTM list determined by folder location					
		NAD83 / UTM zone 6N					
		Waters UTM List					
		UTM list determined by waters location					
N		NAD83 / UTM zone 6N					
Name of nearest water	•	Livengood Creek					
	ditional Navigable Water (TN	•					
Name of watershed o	or Hydrologic Unit Code (HU	6).					
Check if map/diag	gram of review area and/or po	otential jurisdictional areas is/are available upon request.					
_	•	s, disposal sites, etc¿) are associated with the action and are recorded on a different JD					
	MED FOR SITE EVALUATION	M-					
D. REVIEW PERFORM	HED FOR SITE EVALUATION	V.					
Office Determination	tion Date: 14-Jun-2012						
Field Determination	on Date(s):						
_	· / —						
SECTION II: SUMM	IARY OF FINDINGS						
		DICTION					
	DETERMINATION OF JURIS	and Harbors Act (RHA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 329) in the review area.					
_	subject to the ebb and flow of	een used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign					
commerce.	are presently used, or have be	terr used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign					
Explain:							
B. CWA SECTION 404	DETERMINATION OF JURI	SDICTION.					
There "waters of the	U.S." within Clean Water Act	(CWA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 328) in the review area.					
. Waters of the U.S.		1					
	waters of U.S. in review are						
Water Name		er Type(s) Present					
Ditch Road Wetlands	vvetiands directly abutting R	PWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs					
o. Identify (estimate) si	ze of waters of the U.S. in th	ne review area:					

Area: (m²) Linear: (m)

c. Limits (boundaries) of jurisdiction:

based on: OHWM Elevation: (if known)
2. Non-regulated waters/wetlands: ³
Potentially jurisdictional waters and/or wetlands were assessed within the review area and determined to be not jurisdictional. Explain:
SECTION III: CWA ANALYSIS
A. TNWs AND WETLANDS ADJACENT TO TNWs
1.TNW Not Applicable.
2. Wetland Adjacent to TNW Not Applicable.
B. CHARACTERISTICS OF TRIBUTARY (THAT IS NOT A TNW) AND ITS ADJACENT WETLANDS (IF ANY):
1. Characteristics of non-TNWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNW
(i) General Area Conditions: Watershed size: Drainage area: Average annual rainfall: inches Average annual snowfall: inches
(ii) Physical Characteristics (a) Relationship with TNW: Tributary flows directly into TNW. Tributary flows through [] tributaries before entering TNW. Number of tributaries
Project waters are river miles from TNW. Project waters are river miles from RPW. Project Waters are aerial (straight) miles from TNW. Project waters are aerial(straight) miles from RPW.
Project waters cross or serve as state boundaries.
Explain: Identify flow route to TNW: ⁵
Tributary Stream Order, if known: Not Applicable.
(b) General Tributary Characteristics:
Tributary is: Not Applicable.
Tributary properties with respect to top of bank (estimate): Not Applicable.
Primary tributary substrate composition: Not Applicable.
Tributary (conditions, stability, presence, geometry, gradient): Not Applicable.
(c) Flow: Not Applicable.

Surface Flow is:

Not Applicable.

Subsurface Flow:

Not Applicable.

Tributary has:

Not Applicable.

If factors other than the OHWM were used to determine lateral extent of CWA jurisdiction:

High Tide Line indicated by:

Not Applicable.

Mean High Water Mark indicated by:

Not Applicable.

(iii) Chemical Characteristics:

Characterize tributary (e.g., water color is clear, discolored, oily film; water quality;general watershed characteristics, etc.). Not Applicable.

(iv) Biological Characteristics. Channel supports:

Not Applicable.

2. Characteristics of wetlands adjacent to non-TNW that flow directly or indirectly into TNW

(i) Physical Characteristics:

(a) General Wetland Characteristics:

Properties:

Wetland Name	Size (Acres)	Wetland Type	Wetland Quality	Cross or Serve as State Boundaries. Explain
Ditch Road Wetlands	.1	-	-	-

(b) General Flow Relationship with Non-TNW:

Flow is:

Not Applicable.

Surface flow is:

Wetland Name	Flow	Characteristics
Ditch Road Wetlands	-	-

Subsurface flow:

Wetland Name	Subsurface Flow	Explain Findings	Dye (or other) Test
Ditch Road Wetlands	-	-	-

(c) Wetland Adjacency Determination with Non-TNW:

Wetland Name	Directly Abutting	Discrete Wetland Hydrologic Connection	Ecological Connection	Separated by Berm/Barrier
Ditch Road Wetlands	Yes	-	-	-

(d) Proximity (Relationship) to TNW:

Wetland Name	River Miles From TNW	Aerial Miles From TNW	Flow Direction	Within Floodplain
Ditch Road Wetlands	-	-	-	-

(ii) Chemical Characteristics:

Characterize tributary (e.g., water color is clear, discolored, oily film; water quality; general watershed characteristics, etc.).

Wetland Name	Explain	Identify specific pollutants, if known
Ditch Road Wetlands	-	-

(iii) Biological Characteristics. Wetland supports:

Wetland Name	Riparian Buffer	Characteristics	Vegetation	Explain
Ditch Road Wetlands	-	-	-	-

3. Characteristics of all wetlands adjacent to the tributary (if any):

All wetlands being considered in the cumulative analysis: Not Applicable.

Summarize overall biological, chemical and physical functions being performed: Not Applicable.

C. SIGNIFICANT NEXUS DETERMINATION

A significant nexus analysis will assess the flow characteristics and functions of the tributary itself and the functions performed by any wetlands adjacent to the tributary to determine if they significantly affect the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of a TNW. For each of the following situations, a significant nexus exists if the tributary, in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, has more than a speculative or insubstantial effect on the chemical, physical and/or biological integrity of a TNW. Considerations when evaluating significant nexus include, but are not limited to the volume, duration, and frequency of the flow of water in the tributary and its proximity to a TNW, and the functions performed by the tributary and all its adjacent wetlands. It is not appropriate to determine significant nexus based solely on any specific threshold of distance (e.g. between a tributary and its adjacent wetland or between a tributary and the TNW). Similarly, the fact an adjacent wetland lies within or outside of a floodplain is not solely determinative of significant nexus.

Significant Nexus: Not Applicable

D. DETERMINATIONS OF JURISDICTIONAL FINDINGS. THE SUBJECT WATERS/WETLANDS ARE:

1. TNWs and Adiacent Wetlands:

Not Applicable.

2. RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs:

Not Applicable.

Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area:

Not Applicable.

3. Non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs:8

Not Applicable.

Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area:

Not Applicable.

4. Wetlands directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.

Wetland Name Flow		Flow	Explain
Ditch Road Wetlands		PERENNIAL	The wetlands are directly abutting Isabell Creek, tributary to Livengood Creek, tributary to the Tolovana River, a TNW.

Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area:

Wetland Name	Туре	Size (Linear) (m)	Size (Area) (m²)
Ditch Road Wetlands	Wetlands directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs	-	404.6856
Total:		0	404.6856

5. Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or i Not Applicable.	ndirectly into TNV	Vs:	
Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: Not Applicable.			
6. Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs: Not Applicable.			
Provide estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: Not Applicable.			
7. Impoundments of jurisdictional waters: ⁹ Not Applicable.			
E. ISOLATED [INTERSTATE OR INTRA-STATE] WATERS INCLUDING ISOLATE DESTRUCTION OF WHICH COULD AFFECT INTERSTATE COMMERCE, INCLU Not Applicable.			I OR
Identify water body and summarize rationale supporting determination: Not Applicable.			
Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area: Not Applicable.			
F. NON-JURISDICTIONAL WATERS. INCLUDING WETLANDS			
If potential wetlands were assessed within the review area, these areas did no Delineation Manual and/or appropriate Regional Supplements:	ot meet the criteria i	n the 1987 Corps of Engir	neers Wetland
Review area included isolated waters with no substantial nexus to interstate (or	or foreign) commerc	ce:	
Prior to the Jan 2001 Supreme Court decision in "SWANCC," the review area Rule" (MBR):	would have been re	egulated based soley on t	he "Migratory Bird
Waters do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such a finding is	required for jurisdic	tion (Explain):	
Other (Explain):			
Provide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area, wh factors (ie., presence of migratory birds, presence of endangered species, use judgment: Not Applicable. Provide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area, that a finding is required for jurisdiction. Not Applicable.	e of water for irrig	ated agriculture), using	best professional ndard, where such
SECTION IV: DATA SOURCES.			_
A. SUPPORTING DATA. Data reviewed for JD (listed items shall be included in case file and, where checked and requested, appropriately referen	nce below):		
Data Reviewed	Source Label	Source Description	
Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant	-	-	1
Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant	-	-	1
Office concurs with data sheets/delineation report	July 2011	-	
	,	<u>'</u>	_
			-
B. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS TO SUPPORT JD: Not Applicable.			

¹-Boxes checked below shall be supported by completing the appropriate sections in Section III below.

²-For purposes of this form, an RPW is defined as a tributary that is not a TNW and that typically flows year-round or has continuous flow at least "seasonally" (e.g., typically 3 months).

³-Supporting documentation is presented in Section III.F.

⁴⁻Note that the Instructional Guidebook contains additional information regarding swales, ditches, washes, and erosional features generally and in the arid West.

⁵-Flow route can be described by identifying, e.g., tributary a, which flows through the review area, to flow into tributary b, which then flows into TNW.

⁶⁻A natural or man-made discontinuity in the OHWM does not necessarily sever jurisdiction (e.g., where the stream temporarily flows underground, or where the OHWM has been removed by development or agricultural practices). Where there is a break in the OHWM that is unrelated to the waterbody's flow regime (e.g., flow over a rock outcrop or through a culvert), the agencies will look for indicators of flow above and below the break.

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⁸-See Footnote #3.

 $^{^{\}mbox{\scriptsize 9}}$ -To complete the analysis refer to the key in Section III.D.6 of the Instructional Guidebook.

¹⁰⁻Prior to asserting or declining CWA jurisdiction based solely on this category, Corps Districts will elevate the action to Corps and EPA HQ for review consistent with the process described in the Corps/EPA Memorandum Regarding CWA Act Jurisdiction Following Rapanos.