APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION FORM U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

This form should be completed by following the instructions provided in Section IV of the JD Form Instructional Guidebook.

SECTION I: BACKGROUND INFORMATION

A. REPORT COMPLETION DATE FOR APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (JD): April 10, 2017

B. DISTRICT OFFICE, FILE NAME, AND NUMBER: Alaska District, POA-2017-105

State: Alaska Center coordinates of Universal Transvers Name of nearest wa Name of nearest Tra	CATION AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION: Borough: Ketchikan Gateway Borough City: Ketchikan of site (lat/long in degree decimal format): Lat. 55.3507° N., Long. 131.6467 °W. Me Mercator: 8V terbody: Clover Passage ditional Navigable Water (TNW) into which the aquatic resource flows: Clover Passage or Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC): 190101020402
⊠Check if map/dia	gram of review area and/or potential jurisdictional areas are available upon request.
□Check if other sit different JD form	es (e.g., offsite mitigation sites, disposal sites, etc) are associated with this action and are recorded on a
D. REVIEW PER	FORMED FOR SITE EVALUATION (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):
⊠Office (Desk) De □Field Determinat	-
A. RHA SECTION There: are no "navi, in the review area. Water Water	MMARY OF FINDINGS N 10 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION. gable waters of the U.S." within Rivers and Harbors Act (RHA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 329) s subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. s are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or n commerce. Explain:
There are "waters of 1. Water a. Indicate TNWs, Wetlan Relative Non-Ri Wetlan Wetlan Wetlan Wetlan Impour	N 404 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION. If the U.S. "within Clean Water Act (CWA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 328) in the review area. In the U.S. to th
b.	Identify (estimate) size of waters of the U.S. in the review area: Non-wetland waters: 0.01 acres.

Limits (boundaries) of jurisdiction based on: 1987 Delineation Manual

Elevation of established OHWM: unknown

2. Non-regulated waters/wetlands:

□Potentially jurisdictional waters and/or wetlands were assessed within the review area and determined to be not jurisdictional.

SECTION III: CWA ANALYSIS

A. TNWs AND WETLANDS ADJACENT TO TNWs

The agencies will assert jurisdiction over TNWs and wetlands adjacent to TNWs. If the aquatic resource is a TNW, complete Section III.A.1 and Section III.D.1. only; if the aquatic resource is a wetland adjacent to a TNW, complete Sections III.A.1 and 2 and Section III.D.1.; otherwise, see Section III.B below.

1. TNW

Identify TNW:

Summarize rationale supporting determination:

2. Wetland adjacent to TNW

Summarize rationale supporting conclusion that wetland is "adjacent":

B. CHARACTERISTICS OF TRIBUTARY (THAT IS NOT A TNW) AND ITS ADJACENT WETLANDS (IF ANY):

This section summarizes information regarding characteristics of the tributary and its adjacent wetlands, if any, and it helps determine whether or not the standards for jurisdiction established under *Rapanos* have been met.

The agencies will assert jurisdiction over non-navigable tributaries of TNWs where the tributaries are "relatively permanent waters" (RPWs), i.e. tributaries that typically flow year-round or have continuous flow at least seasonally (e.g., typically 3 months). A wetland that directly abuts an RPW is also jurisdictional. If the aquatic resource is not a TNW, but has year-round (perennial) flow, skip to Section III.D.2. If the aquatic resource is a wetland directly abutting a tributary with perennial flow, skip to Section III.D.4.

A wetland that is adjacent to but that does not directly abut an RPW requires a significant nexus evaluation. Corps districts and EPA regions will include in the record any available information that documents the existence of a significant nexus between a relatively permanent tributary that is not perennial (and its adjacent wetlands if any) and a traditional navigable water, even though a significant nexus finding is not required as a matter of law.

If the waterbody is not an RPW, or a wetland directly abutting an RPW, a JD will require additional data to determine if the waterbody has a significant nexus with a TNW. If the tributary has adjacent wetlands, the significant nexus evaluation must consider the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands. This significant nexus evaluation that combines, for analytical purposes, the tributary and all of its adjacent wetlands is used whether the review area identified in the JD request is the tributary, or its adjacent wetlands, or both. If the JD covers a tributary with adjacent wetlands, complete Section III.B.1 for the tributary, Section III.B.2 for any onsite wetlands, and Section III.B.3 for all wetlands adjacent to that tributary, both onsite and offsite. The determination whether a significant nexus exists is determined in Section III.C below.

1. Characteristics of non-TNWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNW

(i) General Area Conditions:

Watershed size: TEXT Drainage area: TEXT

Average annual rainfall: # inches Average annual snowfall: # inches

(ii) Physical Characteristics:

(a) Relationship with TNW:

☐ Tributary flows directly into TNW.

☐ Tributary flows through CHOOSE: Enter # or 10 or m	ore tributaries before entering TNW.
Project waters are CHOOSE: Enter # or 30 or more rive	er miles from TNW
Project waters are CHOOSE: Enter # or 30 or more rive	
Project waters are CHOOSE: Enter # or 30 or more aeri	
Project waters are CHOOSE: Enter # or 30 or more aeri	
Project waters cross or serve as state boundaries. Explain	
Identify flow route to TNW: TEXT	
Tributary stream order, if known: TEXT	
(b) General Tributary Characteristics (check all that apply):	
Tributary is: Natural	•
☐Artificial (man-made). Explain: TEX	ΚΤ
☐Manipulated (man-altered). Explain	
Tributary properties with respect to top of bank (estim	ate):
Average width: # feet	
Average depth: # feet Average side slopes: Choose an item.	
Average side stopes, Choose all Item.	
Primary tributary substrate composition (check all that	apply):
☐Silts ☐Sands ☐Concrete	
\Box Cobbles \Box Gravel \Box Muck	
☐Bedrock ☐Vegetation. Type/% cover: TEXT	
☐ Other. Explain: TEXT	
Tributary condition/stability [e.g., highly eroding, sloug	thing banks]. Explain: TEXT
Presence of run/riffle/pool complexes. Explain: TEXT	
Tributary geometry: CHOOSE: Relatively Straight/Mea	andering
Tributary gradient (approximate average slope): #%	
(c) <u>Flow:</u>	
Tributary provides for: CHOOSE: Seasonal Flow/Intern	nittent but not Seasonal Flow/Ephemeral Flow
Estimate average number of flow events in review area	
Describe flow regime: TEXT	
Other information on duration and volume: TEXT	10 0 10 10 10 0
Surface flow is: CHOOSE: Discrete/Confined/Discrete	and Confined/Overland Sheefflow
Characteristics: TEXT Subsurface flow; CHOOSE: Yes/No/Unknown Explain	a findings: TEYT
☐ Dye (or other) test performed: TEXT	i findings. TEXT
Dye (of other) test performed. That	
Tributary has:	
☐Bed and banks	
□OHWM:	
□clear, natural line impressed on the bank	☐the presence of litter and debris
□ changes in the character of soil	destruction of terrestrial vegetation
\square shelving	☐the presence of wrack line
\square vegetation matted down, bent, or absent	☐ sediment sorting
☐ leaf litter disturbed or washed away	□scour
☐ sediment deposition	\square multiple observed or predicted flow events
☐ water staining	□ abrupt change in plant community
□other (list): TEXT	
Discontinuous OHWM Evolain: TEXT	

	etermine lateral extent of CWA jurisdiction (check all that
	☐Mean High Water Mark indicated by:
	□survey to available datum;
	□physical markings;
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	□vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Twegetation intes/changes in vegetation types.
intual gauges	
(iii) Chemical Characteristics:	
	ed, oily film; water quality; general watershed
identity specific pondiants, it known: 1EX1	
(iv) Biological Characteristics. Channel supports:	
☐ Riparian corridor. Characteristics (type, average wide	th): TEXT
☐ Wetland fringe. Characteristics: TEXT	
☐Habitat for:	
☐Federally Listed species. Explain findings: TEX	T
☐Fish/spawn areas. Explain findings: TEXT	
☐Other environmentally-sensitive species. Explai	n findings: TEXT
☐ Aquatic/wildlife diversity. Explain findings: TE	XT
(a) General Wetland Characteristics: Properties: Wetland size: # acres Wetland type. Explain: TEXT Wetland quality. Explain: TEXT Project wetlands cross or serve as state boundaries. E (b) General Flow Relationship with Non-TNW: Flow is: Choose an item. Explain: TEXT Surface flow is: CHOOSE: Discrete/Confined/Discrete/Characteristics: TEXT Subsurface flow: CHOOSE: Yes/No/Unknown Expl Dye (or other) test performed: TEXT	te and Confined/Overland Sheetflow
(c) Wetland Adjacency Determination with Non-TNW: □Directly abutting □Not directly abutting □Discrete wetland hydrologic connection. Explain □Ecological connection. Explain: TEXT □Separated by berm/barrier. Explain: TEXT	n: TEXT
Water/No Flow Estimate approximate location of wetland as within the	
	apply): □High Tide Line indicated by: □oil or scum line along shore objects □fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) □physical markings/characteristics □tidal gauges (iii) Chemical Characteristics: Characterize tributary (e.g., water color is clear, discolore characteristics, etc.). Explain: TEXT Identify specific pollutants, if known: TEXT (iv) Biological Characteristics. Channel supports: □Riparian corridor. Characteristics (type, average wid □Wetland fringe. Characteristics: TEXT □Habitat for: □Federally Listed species. Explain findings: TEXT □Other environmentally-sensitive species. Explain □Aquatic/wildlife diversity. Explain findings: TEXT □Other environmentally-sensitive species. Explain □Aquatic/wildlife diversity. Explain findings: TEXT □Properties: Wetland Size: # acres Wetland Size: # acres Wetland type. Explain: TEXT Wetland quality. Explain: TEXT Project wetlands cross or serve as state boundaries. Explain type. Explain: TEXT Surface flow is: CHOOSE: Discrete/Confined/Discretentary (choose an item. Explain: TEXT Surface flow: CHOOSE: Discrete/Confined/Discretentary (choose an item. Explain: TEXT Subsurface flow: CHOOSE: Discrete/Confined/Discretentary (choose an item. Explain: TEXT Subsurface flow: CHOOSE: Discrete/Confined/Discretentary (choose an item. Explain: TEXT Subsurface flow: CHOOSE: Discrete/Confined/Discretentary (choose an item. Explain: TEXT Subsurface flow: CHOOSE: Discrete/Confined/Discretentary (choose an item. Explain: TEXT (c) Wetland Adjacency Determination with Non-TNW: □Directly abutting □Discrete wetland hydrologic connection. Explain: TEXT □Separated by berm/barrier. Explain: TEXT (d) Proximity (Relationship) to TNW Project wetlands are CHOOSE: Enter # or 30 or more are Flow is from: CHOOSE: Enter # or 30 or more are Flow is from: CHOOSE: Wetland to Navigable Water/No Flow

Characterize wetland system (e.g., water color is clear, brown, oil film on surface; water quality; general watershed characteristics; etc.). Explain: TEXT Identify specific pollutants, if known: TEXT (iii) Biological Characteristics. Wetland supports: □Riparian buffer. Characteristics (type, average width): TEXT □Vegetation type/percent cover. Explain: TEXT ☐ Habitat for: ☐ Federally Listed species. Explain findings: TEXT ☐ Fish/spawn areas. Explain findings: TEXT Other environmentally-sensitive species. Explain findings: TEXT ☐ Aquatic/wildlife diversity. Explain findings: TEXT Characteristics of all wetlands adjacent to the tributary (if any) All wetland(s) being considered in the cumulative analysis: CHOOSE: Enter # or 30 or more Approximately (#) acres in total are being considered in the cumulative analysis. For each wetland, specify the following: Size (in acres) Directly abuts? (Y/N) Size (in acres) Directly abuts? (Y/N) # Y/N Y/N

Y/N

C. SIGNIFICANT NEXUS DETERMINATION

#

Y/N

A significant nexus analysis will assess the flow characteristics and functions of the tributary itself and the functions performed by any wetlands adjacent to the tributary to determine if they significantly affect the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of a TNW. For each of the following situations, a significant nexus exists if the tributary, in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, has more than a speculative or insubstantial effect on the chemical, physical and/or biological integrity of a TNW. Considerations when evaluating significant nexus include, but are not limited to the volume, duration, and frequency of the flow of water in the tributary and its proximity to a TNW, and the functions performed by the tributary and all its adjacent wetlands. It is not appropriate to determine significant nexus based solely on any specific threshold of distance (e.g. between a tributary and its adjacent wetland or between a tributary and the TNW). Similarly, the fact an adjacent wetland lies within or outside of a floodplain is not solely determinative of significant nexus.

Draw connections between the features documented and the effects on the TNW, as identified in the Rapanos Guidance and discussed in the Instructional Guidebook. Factors to consider include, for example:

- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have the capacity to carry pollutants or flood waters to TNWs, or to reduce the amount of pollutants or flood waters reaching a TNW?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), provide habitat and lifecycle support functions for fish and other species, such as feeding, nesting, spawning, or rearing young for species that are present in the TNW?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have the capacity to transfer nutrients and organic carbon that support downstream foodwebs?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have other relationships to the physical, chemical, or biological integrity of the TNW?

Note: the above list of considerations is not inclusive and other functions observed or known to occur should be documented below:

1. Significant nexus findings for non-RPW that has no adjacent wetlands and flows directly or indirectly into TNWs. Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary itself, then go to Section III.D: TEXT

- Significant nexus findings for non-RPW and its adjacent wetlands, where the non-RPW flows directly or
 indirectly into TNWs. Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary in
 combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, then go to Section III.D: TEXT
- 3. Significant nexus findings for wetlands adjacent to an RPW but that do not directly abut the RPW. Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, then go to Section III.D: TEXT

D.	DETERMINATIONS OF	JURISDICTIONAL FINDINGS.	. THE SUBJECT WATERS/WETLANDS ARE:
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1. T	NWs and Adjacent Wetlands. Check all that apply and provide size estimates in review area: TNWs: # linear feet # width (ft), Or, # acres. Wetlands adjacent to TNWs: # acres.
2. R	RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs. ☐ Tributaries of TNWs where tributaries typically flow year-round are jurisdictional. Provide data and rationale indicating that tributary is perennial: the upper perennial stream, R3UB3, flows continuously and enters the project area via a piped culvert and terminates via a grated outflow at Brown Deer Road. The stream has a clearly defined bed and bank as evidenced in DOWL's Preliminary Wetland Determination Report. ☐ Tributaries of TNW where tributaries have continuous flow "seasonally" (e.g., typically three months each year) are jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.B. Provide rationale indicating that tributary flows seasonally:
	Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area: ☐ Tributary waters: 200 linear feet 5 width (ft). ☐ Other non-wetland waters: # acres.
	Ion-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs. Waterbody that is not a TNW or an RPW, but flows directly or indirectly into a TNW, and it has a significant nexus with TNW is jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.
	rovide estimates for jurisdictional waters within the review area (check all that apply): Tributary waters: # linear feet #·width (ft). Other non-wetland waters: # acres. Identify type(s) of waters: TEXT
in a	Wetlands directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs. ⊠ Wetlands directly abut RPW and thus are jurisdictional as adjacent wetlands. ⊠ Wetlands directly abutting an RPW where tributaries typically flow year-round. Provide data and rationale indicating that tributary is perennial in Section III.D.2, above. Provide rationale indicating that wetland is directly abutting an RPW: The wetlands present on the project site abut a piped culvert on Brown Deer Road, which connects to an unnamed tributary of Ketchikan Creek.
	☐Wetlands directly abutting an RPW where tributaries typically flow "seasonally." Provide data indicating hat tributary is seasonal in Section III.B and rationale in Section III.D.2, above. Provide rationale indicating that wetlands directly abutting an RPW: TEXT
	Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: 0.12 acres.
	Vetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs. Wetlands that do not directly abut an RPW, but when considered in combination with the tributary to which they are adjacent and with similarly situated adjacent wetlands, have a significant nexus with a TNW are jurisidictional. Data

Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: # acres.

6. Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.

supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.

	□Wetlands adjacent to such waters, and have when considered in combination with the tributary to which they are adjacent and with similarly situated adjacent wetlands, have a significant nexus with a TNW are jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.
	Provide estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: # acres.
	Impoundments of jurisdictional waters.
	As a general rule, the impoundment of a jurisdictional tributary remains jurisdictional.
	Demonstrate that impoundment was created from "waters of the U.S.," or
	☐ Demonstrate that water meets the criteria for one of the categories presented above (1-6), or ☐ Demonstrate that water is isolated with a nexus to commerce (see E below).
	Demonstrate that water is isolated with a nexus to commerce (see E below).
DEGR ANY S	PLATED [INTERSTATE OR INTRA-STATE] WATERS, INCLUDING ISOLATED WETLANDS, THE USE, ADATION OR DESTRUCTION OF WHICH COULD AFFECT INTERSTATE COMMERCE, INCLUDING UCH WATERS (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):
	h are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
	which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
	h are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
	state isolated waters. Explain: TEXT
□Othe	r factors. Explain: TEXT
□Trib □Othe	e estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area (check all that apply): utary waters: # linear feet # width (ft). er non-wetland waters: # acres. Identify type(s) of waters: TEXT
□Wet	lands: # acres.
F. NO	N-JURISDICTIONAL WATERS, INCLUDING WETLANDS (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY): □ If potential wetlands were assessed within the review area, these areas did not meet the criteria in the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual and/or appropriate Regional Supplements.
□Revi	lew area included isolated waters with no substantial nexus to interstate (or foreign) commerce.
	□ Prior to the Jan 2001 Supreme Court decision in "SWANCC," the review area would have been regulated based solely on the "Migratory Bird Rule" (MBR).
□Wat	ers do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such a finding is required for jurisdiction. Explain: TEXT
□Othe	er: (explain, if not covered above): TEXT
MBR 1 profess □Non	e acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area, where the sole potential basis of jurisdiction is the factors (i.e., presence of migratory birds, presence of endangered species, use of water for irrigated agriculture), using best sional judgment (check all that apply): -wetland waters (i.e., rivers, streams): # linear feet # width (ft). es/ponds: # acres.
	er non-wetland waters: # acres. List type of aquatic resource: TEXT
	lands: # acres.
where	e acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area that do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, such a finding is required for jurisdiction (check all that apply): n-wetland waters (i.e., rivers, streams): # linear feet # width (ft). es/ponds: # acres.
□Oth	er non-wetland waters: # acres. List type of aquatic resource: TEXT

SECTION IV: DATA SOURCES.

A. SUPPORTING DATA. Data reviewed for JD (check all that apply - checked items shall be included in case file and, where checked and requested, appropriately reference sources below): ⊠Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant: Preliminary Wetland Determination Report, DOWL, February 2017 Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant. ☐Office concurs with data sheets/delineation report. □Office does not concur with data sheets/delineation report. □Data sheets prepared by the Corps: □Corps navigable waters' study: ☐U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: □USGS NHD data. □USGS 8 and 12 digit HUC maps. ☐ Alaska District's Approved List of Navigable Waters ☐U.S. Geological Survey map(s). Cite scale & quad name: ⊠USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey. Citation: no data available National wetlands inventory map: PFO4B, Palustrine forested wetland, 1979 State/Local wetland inventory map: Ketchikan Gateway Borough GIS Viewer, 2015 □FEMA/FIRM maps: □ 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (National Geodectic Vertical Datum of 1929) □ Photographs: □ Aerial (Name & Date): or □Other (Name & Date): □ Previous determination(s). File no. and date of response letter: ☐ Applicable/supporting case law: ☐ Applicable/supporting scientific literature: □Other information (please specify):

onl 10 2017

Julie Ruth
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South Section